

SECTION 6: INTEGRATION OF AYUSH IN THE HEALTH CARE SYSTEM UNDER NATIONAL RURAL HEALTH MISSION (NRHM)

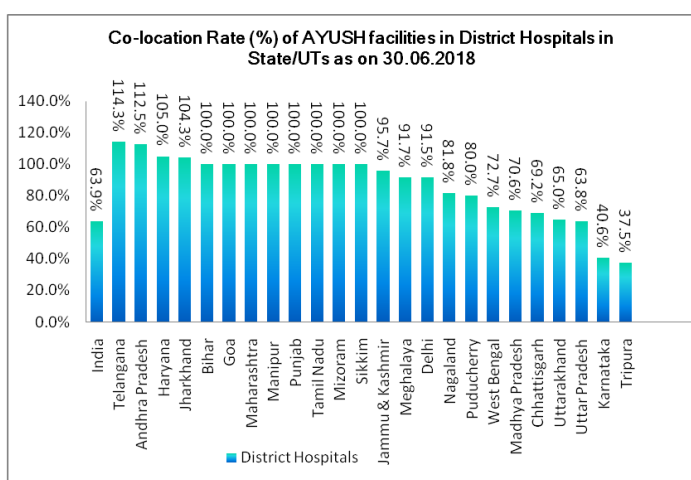
After the launch of NRHM, an initiative has been taken by the Department of Health & Family Welfare and Ministry of AYUSH for strengthening of health care facilities at all levels by integrating AYUSH systems in national health care delivery systems under NRHM.

Physical and functional integration of AYUSH systems in NRHM is most important strategy of Mainstreaming under NRHM. Integration is facilitated by appointing or collocating AYUSH doctors & supporting staff and creating infrastructure according to local needs. AYUSH doctors who are being appointed are used to facilitate management of programmes, monitoring and effective implementation of various interventions under NRHM.

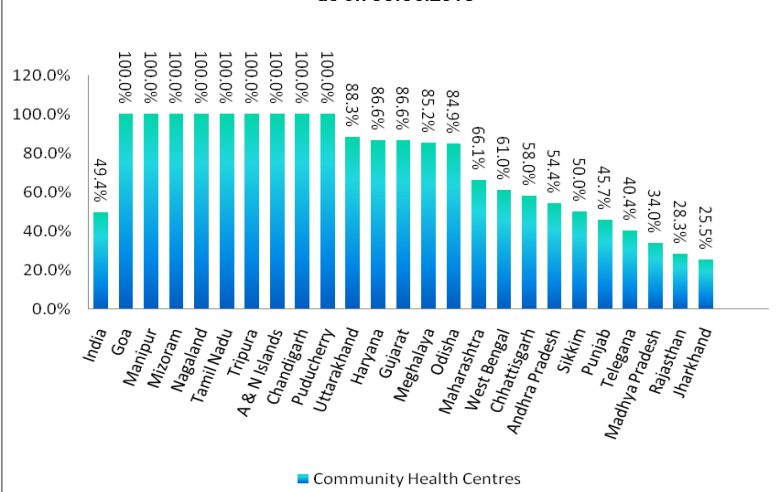
As on June, 2018 there were 694 districts, 4998 blocks and 640867 villages incorporating 779 District Hospitals (DHs), 5624 Community Health Centres (CHCs) and 25650 Primary Health Centres (PHCs) in India. The rural population of India for 31st March, 2018 has been estimated as 9054.38 lakhs. On an average, 11.6 lakhs, 1.6 lakhs and 0.4 lakhs rural population had been served per District hospital, Community Health Centre, Primary Health Centre respectively.

Co-location Rate of Rural Health Infrastructure with AYUSH facilities in India:

AYUSH facilities had been co-located with 498 District Hospitals, 2776 Community Health Centre's and 7623 Primary Health Centre's in the country in 2018. About 63.9% District hospitals had been co-located with AYUSH facilities till 2018. All the District hospitals existing in the states and union territories of Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, Bihar, Goa, Haryana, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Manipur, Mizoram, Punjab, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, A & N Islands, Chandigarh, Daman & Diu and Lakshadweep had been co-located with AYUSH facilities, whereas, the states having more than 50% of the District hospitals co-located with AYUSH facilities were Chhattisgarh, Delhi, Jammu & Kashmir, Madhya Pradesh, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand West Bengal and Puducherry.

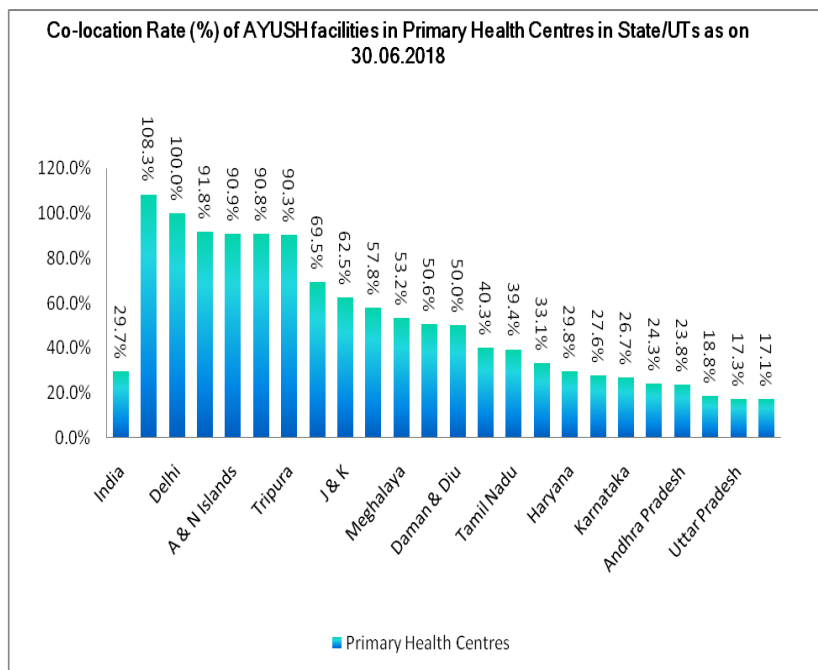


Co-location Rate (%) of AYUSH facilities in Community Health Centres in State/UTs as on 30.06.2018



Nearly 49.4% Community Health Centre's had been co-located with AYUSH facilities till 2018. All the CHCs existing in the states and union territories of Goa, Manipur, Mizoram, Nagaland, Tamil Nadu, Tripura, Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Chandigarh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Puducherry had been co-located. The states having more than 50% of the CHCs co-located with AYUSH facilities were Andhra Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Haryana, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Odisha, Sikkim, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand and West Bengal. The states having less than 25% CHCs co-located with AYUSH facilities were Gujarat,

Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Karnataka only. No co-location of AYUSH facilities had been observed in CHCs in the remaining 4 states and union territories (Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Kerala and Delhi).

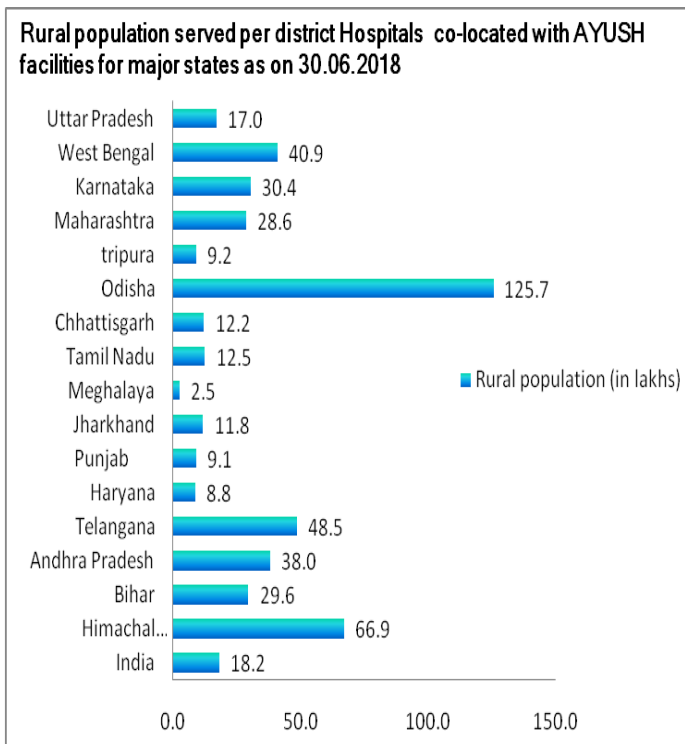


About 29.7% Primary Health Centre's had been co-located with AYUSH facilities till 2018. All the PHC existing in the Union Territory of Delhi, D&N Haveli, Lakshadweep and Puducherry have been co-located. The States/ union territories having more than 50% of the PHCs co-located with AYUSH facilities were Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur, Meghalaya, Odisha, Telangana, Tripura, A&N Islands and Daman & Diu. States having more than 25% but less than 50% of the PHCs co-located with AYUSH facilities were Harayana, Jharkhand, Karanataka, Madhya Pradesh, Punjab, Rajasthan and Tamil Nadu. No co-location with

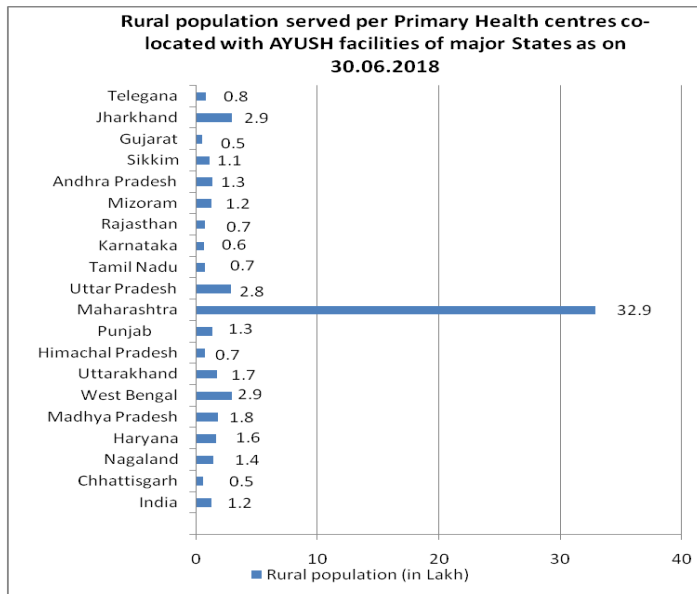
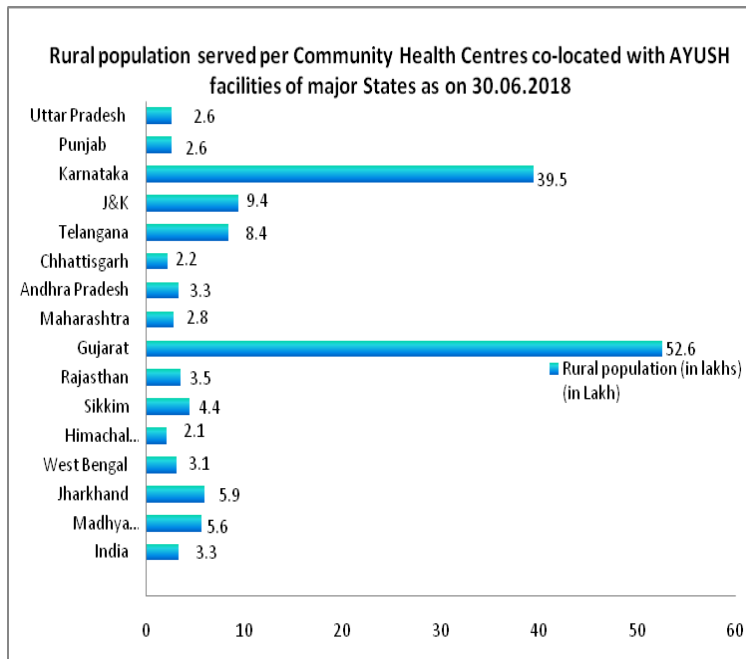
AYUSH facilities had been observed in the PHCs in the remaining 4 state and 1 UT i.e. Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Kerala and Chandigarh.

Rural Population served by the Rural Health Infrastructure co-located with AYUSH facilities:

About 18.2 lakhs of rural population were being served by each District hospital co-located with AYUSH facilities in the country as on 30.06.2018. About 125.7 lakh population per DH co-located with AYUSH facilities were served in Odisha. States where more than 50 lakhs and less than 100 lakhs rural population were served per DH co-located with AYUSH facilities were the state of Himachal Pradesh. States where more than 10 lakhs but less than 50 lakhs rural population were served per DH co-located with AYUSH facilities were the state of Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. The States and Union territories with less than 5 lakh rural populations getting their health care services per DH co-located with AYUSH facilities were Delhi, Goa, Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, A&N Islands, Daman & Di, and Puducherry.

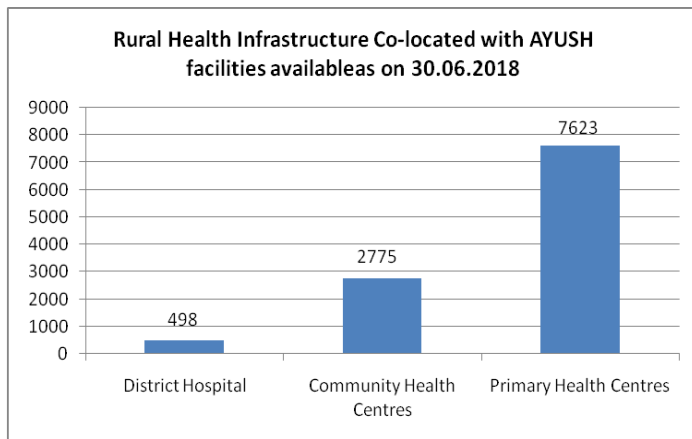


About 3.3 lakh of rural population were being served per Community Health Centre co-located with AYUSH facilities in 2018. About 52.6 lakhs, lakhs and 39.5 lakh population per CHC co-located with AYUSH facilities were being served in the state of Gujarat and Karnataka whereas, 9.4 lakhs, 8.4 lakhs, 5.9 lakhs, 5.6 lakhs, 4.4 lakhs and 3.5 lakhs, 3.3 lakhs and 3.1 lakhs rural population were being served per CHC co-located with AYUSH facilities in the states of Jammu & Kashmir, Telangana, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Sikkim, Rajasthan, Andhra Pradesh, and West Bengal respectively. The states and union territories with less than 3.0 lakh rural populations per CHC co-located with AYUSH facilities were Maharashtra, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Himachal Pradesh, Haryana, Uttarakhand, Manipur, Tripura, Goa, Meghalaya, Odisha, Puducherry, Tamil Nadu and D & N Haveli.



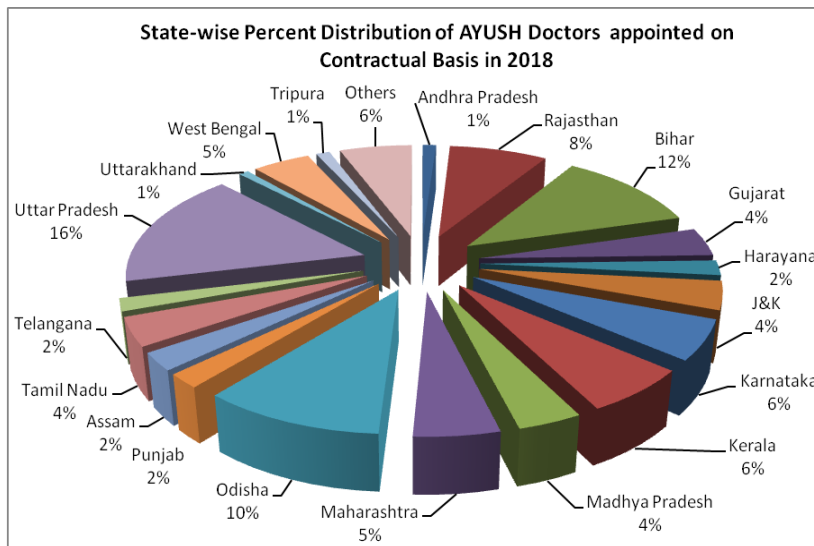
On an average, 1.2 lakh of rural population were being served per Primary Health Centre co-located with AYUSH facilities in the country in 2018. About 32.9 lakh, 2.9 lakh, 2.8 lakh, 1.8 lakh, 1.7 lakh, 1.6 lakhs, 1.3 lakh, 1.4 lakh, 1.3 lakh, 1.2 lakh and 1.1 lakh, populations were served in the states of Maharashtra, West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Haryana, Andhra Pradesh, Nagaland, Punjab, Mizoram and Sikkim respectively.

The remaining states and union territories were having less than one lakh rural population per PHC co-located with AYUSH facilities are Chhattisgarh, Goa, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, J&K, Karnataka, Manipur, Meghalaya, Odisha, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Tripura, A&N Islands, Chandigarh, D & N Haveli, Daman & Diu and Puducherry.



Contractual Appointment of AYUSH Doctors and Paramedical Staff in India:

As on 31.06.2018, contractual appointment of 11840 AYUSH Doctors and 3716 AYUSH Paramedical staff has been recorded. Maximum 1949 AYUSH Doctors were appointed in the State of Uttar Pradesh whereas 1384 and 1235 contractual appointments of AYUSH Doctors had been observed in the states of Bihar and Odisha respectively. States having contractual Doctors ranging from 500 to 1000 are Karnataka, Kerala, Maharashtra, Rajasthan and West Bengal. The States having more than 250 and less than 500 contractual appointment doctors are Assam, Gujarat, J&K, Madhya Pradesh, and Tamil Nadu. Delhi and Lakshadweep are the only States/UTs where there is no contractual AYUSH Doctor.



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Likewise, 3716 contractual appointments of AYUSH Paramedical Staff were recorded at India till date 31.06.2018. Maximum 574 paramedical staff was appointed in the state of Uttar Pradesh, whereas 475, 367 and 359 paramedical staff appointed in, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka and J&K respectively. Only Chhattisgarh, Punjab, Rajasthan and Telangana, State having contractual appointed paramedical staff ranging from 200 to 300. There were 11 States/UTs where no AYUSH Paramedical staffs appointment on contractual base as on 31.06.2018 in Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Delhi, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, West Bengal, D & N Haveli and Lakshadweep.

